Recent Parade in Indianapolis Almost Duplicated by Employes of Roads Entering the Ohio City.

SPEECHES IN MUSIC HALL

TO THE LARGEST NUMBER OF VOT-ERS EVER ASSEMBLED THERE.

Remarks by Captain Peabody, M. E. Ingalls and J. T. Brooks-Civil-Service Law Defended.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17 .- What are known as railroad "sound-money" clubs gave the largest demonstration of the kind ever seen in Cincinnati to-night. Over 10,000 railway employes paraded with presidents, vice presidents, general managers and other general officers in line on foot. All the roads entering Cincinnati were represented by divisions in the parade for their respective roads. The clubs came from Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Virginia, West Virginia and Tennessee. There were many fine floats and transparencies, while lanterns of red, yellow and green were carried by all in brilliant uniforms. There were seven grand marshals, each having several wagon loads of fireworks to illuminate the line of march. Nearly all the excursion trains had bands, and all bands in the city were engaged. After parading the streets over an hour the railroad men broke ranks at Music Hall, where Captain W. W. Peabody, vice president and general manager of the Baltimore & Ohlo Southwestern, presided. Ralph Peters was vice charman, and Charles Fish secretary. Speeches were made by M. E. Ingalis, president of the Big Four and the Chesapeake & Ohio railways; J. T. Brooks, vice president and general counsel of the Pennsylvania, and others.

At Music Hall the delegations marched to their seats, some divisions carrying small United States flags, others bearing lanterns, many in unforms, all wearing yellow badges. Nvery seat in the hall, the stage included, was occupied. Even then whole divisions were approaching on the outside. The whole audience was composed of men. After the railroad men had been seated citizens were permitted to enter. They soon filled all the aisles and every other available spot of standing room. This was the largest congregation composed of men only of voting age ever assembled in Music of voting age ever assembled in Music ward into barbarism? To reinstate the Hall. Meantime the overflow scattered all over the city, and every street and hotel lobby was crowded with wearers of yellow badges.

When President Peabody stepped to the front and called the meeting to order he was received with protracted applause. He began by saying: "This is the most unanimous buildozing and the most enthusiastic coercion I ever saw in my life." Referring to the charge that coercion was used on railroad employes he said: "The railroad employe who has so little manhood in him that he can be coerced is a fool, and such a fellow ought to be discharged for general incompetency. President Peabody once mentioned the name "Altgeld" and groans from all parts of the house drowned his

Capuin Peabody then announced President Ingalls, of the Big Four, President Ingalls had been given a most enthusiastic reception when he first appeared on the stage half an hour earlier. Now, when he arose to speak the long applause and were stormy and vociferous. President Ingalls was introduced as "Mr. M. E. Ingalls" by Captain Peabody, who said that this distinguished man came not as a president of a great railroad, but as a plain citizen, to speak to railroad men as citizens. Mr. Ingalls said the present situation in the United States was one in which the weal of the Nation was threatened, and the only safety in this emer-gency was the election of McKinley. Then he said: "I have been charged with coercing men. You who are here know that is not true. The reports say every day that Bryan is charging that coercion is used against rallroad employes; that they are forced to join McKinley clubs and to wear McKinley buttons; that he advises them to go on wearing the buttons, but to vote the other way. That is, he advises them not only to act the moral coward, but to act the hypocrite, to become liars." He added with much fervor: "That may accord with moral standard in some quarters on the Platte, but it will never pass current as the standard of railway employes." en he said: "A vote is the most sacred of trusts. It is every man's right and duty to vote as his conscience dictates without fear or danger of persecution. So far as l am concerned every employe under my control-so help me God-shall have that

right without let or hindrance."
Appealing to the great audience, Mr. Ingalls said: "You will not act the lie he tells you to act, will you?" The answer was a mingling of "Noes!" and "Never!" Mr. Ingalls then said: "There are plain switchmen in the yards in this city on whose fidelity to duty the lives and limbs of hundreds of passengers depend. I would o more ask one of these men to lie after that fashion than I would ask him to cut off his own head.

Speaking of the charge that England fa-vored McKinley because she hated America, he said that if England's desire and se was to inflict the greatest possible njury on America she could not succeed than by securing the election of Bryan. There was no vestige of Democracy in the Bryan platform made at Chicago. After excoriating the Chicago platform and giving a rapid history of American coinage from the beginning to the present e concluded by saying that he had loved the real Democratic party and had been pained that the party bearing that name had deserted the old principles and that now when the question had become one of fealty to party and fealty to principle and ence he would not hesitate a moment to act in obedience to the dictates of Vice President J. T. Brooks, of Pittsburg, of the Pennsylvania, made the last speech, which was very brilliant.

SPOILSMEN SCORED. Popocrat Bryan Denounced by Messrs.

Hesing and Foulke. CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- A large mass meeting in favor of civil-service reform and its continuance in the national policy was held in Central Music Hall to-night. Addresses were made by Postmaster Washington Hesing, of this city, and William Dudley Foulke, of Indiana. Mr. Hesing, in

concluding his speech, said:

distinguished President of the United States once said: 'He serves his party most who serves his country best, a saying which will go down in history as one exceedingly apropos, not only at the time it was uttered but to-day; a saying which for the first time gave the impresion that citizenship was higher than partisanship, and that he was the best partisan who was the best citizen. To-day Mr. Bryan, the candidate of the Popocratic citizen who serves his country least but his party most. When was there ever before presented to the American people such a spectacle? Mr. Bryan forgets abso-lutely that remarkable saying of that remarkable man, Mr. Cleveland, that 'A pub-lic office is a public trust.' He is to-day in the most demagogic manner arraying the 'outs' against the 'ins,' and has in his speches not only defended the plank in the Chicago platform which is in opposition to civil service, but has given his solemn pledge in his speeches to this great Nation that if he is elected President of the United States every official not in harmony with his views on political questions would be removed at once. He would bring back the scandalous scenes of universal office seeking with all the unhappiness and wretched service of that time, and would undo all that has been done by that trio of brilliant leaders of his party, who have done so much to elevate their party and Thomas Jefferson did, who might justly be called the father of civil service, who was the formulator of a new official republic which gave to man liberty of thought and

liberty of action. He would undo what George-Pendleton, the distinguished Demo-oratic Senator from Ohio, did, who gave civil service legal existence by the Pen-dleton act of 1883. He would undo what Grover Cleveland has done, who stands pre-eminent as the unflinching and con-sistent Democrat who more than any other istent Democrat, who more than any other one man is the true exponent of the practi-No. my friends, I cannot for one moment believe that the citizens of this country do not fully understand the great benefits f civil service. I cannot imagine that the loyal cifizens of this country will so far forget their duty to themselves as to approve a policy which openly declares that the service heretofore rendered by the public officers of the various departments of state has not been efficient and honorable and honest and that, unmindful of their record, unmindful of their years of service, heir places must be filled by those who have done political work regardless of ability to perform the tasks assigned to them in the departments of the govern-

Mr. Foulke introduced his subject by saying that the Chicago platform so bris-tled with anarchistic and socialistic doctrines that the more prominent and virulent of these were apt to overshadow the minor ones. In the latter class may be mentioned the attack of that platform on the system of public civil service, which the various administrations of the government have done so much to develop and strengthen. It was to this evil rather than o the others in the violent expression of the Chicago gathering that the speaker wished to call attention. Mr. Foulke said,

"Do you call that a life tenure? If so the tenure of every clerk in a store or a bank, the tenure of every employe of a rail-road, or every operative in a factory is a life tenure. It is true that so long as he does his work well and so long as the government needs that work done, he is likely to be retained. But so is the clerk and the operative, nay, even the farm hands may count upon staying, so long as there is work to do, and so long as they do it well. Who shall say that this is wrong, that it is un-American? Do you think the mill owner ought to make a clean sweep of his hands every four years to give places o new men? Do you think that rotation in office ought to be applied to cierks and railroad employes and laborers in the shops, to make room for inexperienced workmen? Do you want such a rule ap-plied in our industrial and business life? "There is not a man who has entered the service of his country under the honorable system of competitive examination who cannot be discharged the instant he fails to do his duty. Nay, more, he can be turned out under the law at the mere will of his superior, the only limitations of the statute being that he shall not be removed for failure to render political service or to

contribute to campaign funds. "Terms of office are to be fixed so that more office seekers can enjoy the patronage. The civil service is not a public trust, but a personal and party perquisite, and as many of its followers as possible are to have their chance at it. Under Mr. Bryan's system of administration the swine are to be led in rotation to the trough, and no single animal, however excellent and

growthy, must be allowed to stay there long lest he keep others away.

"My friends, the people of our country have more sense than politicians think. They are tired of the system of patronage which regards the public service as a largest to be scattered among the multitude. gess to be scattered among the multitude rather than a charge where duties are to be performed. They are tired of the demagogues who appeal not to their patriotism out to their supposed appetite for office. The promise of a general distribution either of the places of the State or of the wealth of the individual will never be ratified by their suffrages."

In conclusion, Mr. Foulke said:

"Suppose it were proposed in this year of spoils system would be a retrograde movement almost as demoralizing to our national character. Suppose it were proposed to restore feudalism, with the homages and services due from villains and retainers to their lord, how would we regard this proposition? We would say that if it were adopted the dark ages would come back again. What, then, shall we say of the restoration of the modern feudalism involved in the spoils system? No medieval services were ever baser or more degrad-ing than those required by our political barons, and paid for, not from the pockets of the lords to whom they were rendered. but from the public treasury. We who have had a glimpse of the morning will not again go back into the darkness."

ANARCHISTS AND POPULISTS. What Postmaster-General Wilson

Calls Altgeld and Tillman. CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 17 .- Postmaster-general Wilson made his first speech in the campaign here this afternoon. The meeting was held in the courthouse, where a large crowd had gathered to greet him, which was composed chiefly of Republicans, gold Democrats, ladies and negroes. When he entered the court room he was given a grand ovation, which lasted for several minutes. No one introduced Mr. Wilson. When he arose to speak the crowd cheered him loudly. In his speech he made a strong appeal for

the gold standard and was cheered repeatedly in the course of his remarks. One of the first things he said in his speech was that he was a Democrat and not a Populist. He denounced the Chicago convention and the platform on which Mr. Bryan was nominated, and said it was nothing on earth but a Populist convention and a Populist platform, and that it was almost an exact copy of the Populist platform of 1892. He said the convention was run by Tillman and Altgeld, both of whom were Anarchists and Populists. When he mentioned Mr. Bryan's name the crowd cheered it loudly. An organized gang stood in the rear of the building when Mr. Wilson first started to speak and kept yelling for Bryan so much that the police had to be kept in the building to keep the crowd quiet. Mr. Wilson said Mr. Bryan was an eloquent speaker, an able debater, an extremist, and entirely too young a man to be President of the United States. He spoke for over two hours and quoted

a large number of the authorities. He said he was not a bolter of the Democratic party, and on the 3d day of November he would vote for six Democratic electors, and not for two Populists and four Democrats, as a large number of people in his county were going to do. In the course of his speech he paid a high tribute to Secretary arlisle and President Cleveland, both of whom, he said, were honest and faithful servants of the Democratic party, and were no more traitors to the party than Gen. Robert E. Lee was to the Confederate army.

WHOLE TOWN HELD UP. Carney, O. T., Raided by a Gang of

Unknown Desperadoes.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Oct. 17.-At 9 o'clock to-night a band of six unknown desperadoes rode into Carney, twenty miles east of here, and held up the whole town, robbing twelve stores and the postoffice, it is reported. The bandits secured several thousand dollars. A posse of about 100 citizens was organized as soon as possible and left in pursuit of the outlaws, but owng to the great excitement caused among the villagers by the raid, they were con siderably delayed in getting upon the trail. The news was received here by tel-

PREPARING FOR WAR.

Russia Said to Be Getting Ready to Thomas E. Watson and remained in con-Occupy Constantinople.

phone and only meager particulars can

LONDON, Oct. 17 .- A special dispatch from Vienna says that the Nieu Freie Presse of that city announces that steps to complete the mobilization of the Russian forces are being taken in several districts. All the officers on leave or retired, t is stated, have been recalled. In conclusion it is intimated that these military movements are undertaken because it is expected that Russia will receive the European mandate to occupy Constantinople.

Tenth Round of Chess Match. BUDA-PESTH, Oct. 17 .- The tenth round of the international chess-masters' tournament was played in this city to-day. Following are the results: The game between Noa and Maroczy, a Ruy Lopez, was adjourned after sixty-one moves; Schlechter beat Marco in a Ruy Lopez after thirty-four moves; Janowski beat Albin in a queen's fianchetto after forty-four moves; Tschigorin beat Tarrasch in a Ruy Lopez after forty-nine moves; Walbrodt beat Winawer in a Ruy Lopez after thirty-six moves; Charousk beat Pillsbury in a Vi enna game after sixty-six moves. Popiel

Victoria's Statue Tarred. LONDON, Oct. 17 .- A special dispatch from Bombay announces that a bucket of

tar was poured over the statue of Queen Victoria there during the night and that a pair of old sandals were tied around the seck of the statue,

GENS. PALMER AND BUCKNER IN MISSISSIPPI AND LOUISIANA.

Cool Receptions at Some Points, but a Big Demonstration at New Orleans Last Night.

GOV. ALTGELD IN GOTHAM

ASSISTED BY HENRY GEORGE AND MARY "YELLIN" LEASE.

Chairman Jones Invited to Georgia to Adjust the Trouble with Populist Watson.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17.-General Palmer and General Buckner arrived here at teen little white maidens and one bright vellow-colored tot and by banners bearing the divice, "Free silver and prosperity." General Palmer said there were many laboring under the same erroneous belief. Cutting the dollar in half would not bring prosperity, nor would dangerous financial experiments benefit the country. The reception at other points was somewhat friendlier. At Ocean Springs the train stopped again, and speeches were in order. The Generals here had little to say, but what they said was to the point. Flowers for the ladies of the party were handed aboard by the ladies of the Springs.

A Mississippi sound-money delegation accompanied the party to this city. A reception committee awaited them here, and accompanied the party to the hotel, where a reception was held in the afternoon. At night there was a mass meeting in the open air on an elaborately decorated platform. | Prominent Gold Democrats Will Prob-Five thousand people were present, and Charles E. Claiborne, acting Mayor of the ity, presided. There were a large number of Bryanites in the crowd, as well as some McKinley shouters, but after the first expression of rival enthusiasm a few remarks from E. H. Farrar quieted them. General Buckner spoke first, at his own request, in order to escape Gen. Palmer's flattering in-troduction, which Buckner did not think appropriate in his own South country. Gen-Buckner made a speech of an hour, showing that the sound-money plank was the true Democratic principle and for the best interests of the American people, irre-

Spective of section or party.

General Palmer closed the meeting with a speech upon the money question, and both made a good impression, although the Illinois statesman could not be heard for any great distance. The crowd asked him a number of questions and he answered them readily. He said that the fact that the Chicago platform was regularly adopted was not sufficient for Democrats who did not conscientiously believe in it to vote for it, for the Democratic party was a party of principles and not of men. The ty will leave here in the morning by special train direct for Chicago.

ALTGELD AT NEW YORK.

The Sucker State Governor Regarded as a Curiosity by Gothamites.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- John P. Altgeld Governor of Illinois, spoke in Cooper Union to-night. It is seldom that such a crowd turns out to hear a man as the one which collected in and around New York's historic hall to-night. At least 10,000 persons listened to speeches from trucks and stands erected on the outside. Within the hall was decorated with American flags with the picture of Bryan and Altgeld above the platform. Small American flags had been distributed among the audience, and when Mr. Altgeld made his appearance the vast audience arose as one man waved the flags and cheered for several minutes. Henry George preceded Mr. Altgeld to the platform and he, too, received

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Ge man-American Democratic Association. its president, William F. Grall, alled the viceting to order in German and chairman Frederick Schaub, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor. Mr. Schaub made a brief speech and then introduced as the first speaker Frederick H. Ernst, who addressed the meeting in German. While Mr. Ernst was peaking Mrs. Mary E. Lease made her appearance. She was recognized by the audience and liberally applauded. Chairman Schaub produced a telegram from William Bryan, which was read and applauded was dated "Big Rapids, Mich., Oct. 17," nd was addressed to Joseph Herring, New York. It read:

Please deliver the following message: A cordial greeting to the German-Americans. Free coinage at 16 to 1 without waiting for any other nation will furnish a sounder currency than is possible under a standard and will, in the language of Bismarck, exert a most salutary influence in restoring bimetallism throughout the

Congressman Sulzer made a brief speech and was followed by Governor Altgeld, who was received with a storm of cheers and a cry of "We love you for the enemies you have made." Mr. Altgeld's speech was devoted to defending the "federal interference" and "judiciary" planks of the Chicago platform. At the close of Governor Altgeld's speech

Mrs. Lease came forward and made a short speech, chiefly in praise of Governor Alt-geld. The crowd on the outside of Cooper Inion was addressed by Congressman Sulzer, Alexander Schlessinger, of the New York Jersey Staats Zeitung, and others until 11 o'clock, when Governor Altgeld appeared. All this time the streets were ba jammed, and the police had much difficulty in breaking an avenue for the street corners. When the crowd caught sight of the Governor he was accorded a big ova-It was several minutes before he could make himself heard. He pleaded a sore throat as an excuse for a short speech, and, after a few remarks, retired.

DICKERING WITH WATSON.

Chairman Jones Will Visit the Georgia Middle-Roader.

ATLANTA Ga., Oct. 17.-The special correspondent of the Journal at Thomson, the home of the Populist vice presidential cardidate, telegraphs this morning that "the most important of all political consultation with him until a late hour, when they retired, spending the night with Mr. Watson. The consultation was resumed this morning, and lasted until a few min-utes before the train left for Atlanta. Various rumors are affoat as to the object and result of the consultation, but all par ties participating in it say they have nothing to say for publication. This much however, can be stated authoritatively. Mr. Watson will meet Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, in Atlanta next Monday to talk over the campaign. Senator Jones has been notified by telegraph that the meeting has been arranged and has answered that he will be some length pleasing to Mr. Watson, and indications now are that in a short time Mr. Watson will be actively stumping the State of Kansas for William J. Bryan. It is not known whether or not Mr. Watson has in any way changed his position on the question of fusion, but it can be safely predicted that some arrangement satisfactory to Mr. Watson will be made, or if not satisfactory, at least such as he will tolerate and enable him to give his active cooperation in defeating McKinley.

made him acquainted with the substance of the dispatch from Atlanta to the effect that he (Senator Jones) was to meet Populist Vice Presidential Candidate Watson in Atlanta next Monday for the purpose of arranging terms of fusion in the State of Georgia between the Democrats and Populists. When asked if he had anything to say in reference to the matter. Senator Jones said: "I shall not be in Atlanta on Jones said: "I shall not be in Atlanta on Monday. There has been no proposition, so far as I know, for me to meet Watson. As to fusion, of currse I am in favor of it. I have been writing and telegraphing our people down there urging that it be brought "Do you mean to say, Senator, that terms

of fusion have not been arranged? They have not." "Do you expect to accomplish fusion?"
"I certainly hope to and believe we will." It can be stated from an official source, however, that a special representative of Senator Jones, a member of the Georgia State central committee, and also of the national committee, whose name for certain reasons cannot be given, left to-night for Atlanta to meet Mr. Watson for the purpose of discussing terms of fusion.

OCT. 21 TO BE "FLAG DAY."

Chairman Hanna's Suggestion to Republican Voters of the Country. CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- Chairman Hanna, of the Republican national committee, has suggested a "flag day" in the campaign. He believes in the efficacy of the display of the stars and stripes and to-day promulgated the following as a "suggestion to

good citizens:"

"The American flag has been in the present campaign the emblem or insignia of nanoon, after stopping along the gulf coast | tional honor. Its influence has been for in Mississippi to make brief speeches in great good in the cause of a good people. the various towns, which are all free-sil- Its display in many places has been potent ver strongholds, and when they spoke an | in the advancement of the country's battle unsympathetic crowd greeted them. At for the maintenance of its honor at home Scranton they were met by a party of six- and abroad. I therefore suggest that on Saturday, Oct. 31, all who intend to vote on Nov. 3 for the preservation of our national honor, for sound money and the adtional honor, for sound money and the advancement of our people's interests and general prosperity display the national colors at their homes, their places of business and wherever they may be seen in order that voters whose hearts are for their country may be strengthened in their purpose and those who are undetermined may the more patriotically and intelligently con-clude how best to perform their duty as

It is further suggested at the headquar-ters of the Republican national committee that State, county and city committees and clubs encourage the display of the national flag on the last Saturday in the campaign in every part of the country, especially on residences, and have flags and bunting or sale at convenient places for farmers and others who live in localities remote from popular trade points, and that the display of flags and bunting be continued until after the national election.

ON BRYAN'S TRAIL.

ably Follow the Popocrat. CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- Vice Chairman Hopkins, at Palmer and Buckner headquarters. received a letter from Euclid Martin, of Nebraska, to-day, urging him to persuade John P. Irish to visit that State and take Bryan's trail when Bryan sets out for Lincoln on the morning before election for a campaign tour of three hundred miles. The letter says that Bryan's trip will wind up with a night meeting at Omaha, and adds: "Indications point to Nebraska's vote for sound money. This tour on the 2d of November will probably have some considera ble effect in Bryan's favor, and we wish to do what we can to check it. Irish's presence in the State on that day following the same route as Bryan and speaking at the same places would do a vast deal of good. I urge strongly on you the great impor-tance of this matter, and hope to hear from you affirmatively at once." Two telegrams were received from Mr. Martin. The plans that have been made for Irish, however, can hardly be altered, and some other speaker will have to be secured. In view of the anxiety of the Nebraska gold-standard leaders and their be-lief the the State can be saved, it is practically tiled that General Palmer and General Suckner will go to Omaha, and possibly to Lincoln, Bryan's home.

DUTY OF VETERANS.

Speech by Archbishop Ireland at a G. A. R. Encampment. NEW YORK, Oct. 17,-Archbishop Ire-

land visited the encampment of Lafayette Post G. A. R., at the Masonic Temple, on Friday evening. Gen. Dan Butterfield escorted the Archbishop to the meeting, to which he was introduced by Admiral Meade. His Grace said, in part: "The flag which you preserved and the love which you so zealously try to pro-mote in the minds of youth and the whole of our citizens derives its majesty

from the battles through which you bore it to victory. It stands to-day the symbol of the truth that secession is a damnable heresy. Patriotism means the leve of the whole country. So the flag is the flag of all the States, not of one State. You love the old flag to-day as warmly as when you bled that it might still wave, and you will suffer no act of your own, no thought and no deed, to bring discredit on that flag. "Veterans of the war, you have a mission to-day as great as that which called you to the battleft ds in 1881."

JONES IS BULL-HEADED.

He Says Chicago Popocrats Will Parade Without a Permit.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- The Democratic silver managers declare no permit is necessary for their parade on Oct. 31, and hence they are determined to parade without one, A decision to this effect was reached by the managers to-night, after hearing legal opinions on the point. Chief of Police Badenoch does not show any sign of receding from the position he took on Friday, when the Democratic leaders asked him to give their parade preference over the McKinley workingmen's clubs' parade announced for the same night, Oct. 31 "I do not intend that any parade shall take place without a permit," he said. "It

is plain on the face of it that in the present excited state of the public mind two pa rades cannot go over the same ground with a brief space between them and leave us safe in the consciousness that trouble will Heavy Registration.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.-Registration closed in New York at 10 o'clock to-night with 331,180 voters qualifying in the four days, as against 309,681 in 1892, 308,693 in 1894 and 281,007 in 1895. To-day's registration was 49,435, as against 47,176 the last day in 1895 and 37,402 the last day in 1892.

The total registration in Brooklyn is 207,333. This is far in advance of any previous registration. In 1895 the registration was 133.824, in 1894 192,596, in 1893 194,129 and in 1892 192,054. The registration in Proceedings of the Security and Institute of the Security of Brocklyn to-day, the fourth and last day for the enrollment of voters, was 29,601 Advices from the State show an increased registration at almost every point.

Georgia's Official Vote.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- A dispatch was received at Democratic national headquarters from Atlanta this afternoon, addressed ferences held in Thomson has just come to a member of the national committee to a close. Major J. W. Robertson and and of the Georgia State central commit-Judge John J. Hunt arrived here last night. tee, saying that the official count of the vote in the late State election in Georgia They were driven to the residence of Hon. Showed that Atkinson, for Governor, had Democratic majority two years ago was 24,151, showing a Democratic gain of 23,139 over the vote of 1894. The 52,300 shows the regular State ticket majority, while Atkinson ran behind the rest of the State ticket for local reasons

Speaker Reed's Condition.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- Speaker Reed was still confined to his bed to-day. Congressmen Aldrich, Lorimer and Reeves called on him at the Lexington Hotel and found the Maine statesman scarcely able to speak above a whisper, Mr. Reed in Atlanta Monday. It is further known that the object of the meeting was to talk over some plan by which fusion could be perfected in this State, and the best information obtainable is that the distinguished Georgia Democrats have discussed it at scheduled to address two audiences in this

BOSTON, Oct. 17 .- The Hon. George Fred Williams telegraphed from Indianapolis tonight to his secretary, saying: "Ohio is as safe for Bryan as Georgia. We will carry the whole of the middle West. It is operation in defeating McKinley.

Jones Sends a Substitute.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—A reporter called on Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee this afternoon, and in the graph of the middle West. It is conceded that the Hepublican campaign has fallen down, with the exception of the money end of it, and that there is no hope among the best informed of carrying any of these States, except as a direct result of the use of money on election day, in the state of the middle West. It is conceded that the Hepublican campaign has fallen down, with the exception of the middle West. It is conceded that the Hepublican campaign has fallen down, with the exception of the middle West. It is conceded that the Hepublican campaign has fallen down, with the exception of the middle West. It is conceded that the Hepublican campaign has fallen down, with the exception of the money end of it, and that there is no hope among the best informed of carrying any of these States, except as a direct result of the use of money on election day."

Mr. Williams gave his approval to the



A handsome Bill Nye Poster in colors (size 14x20 inches) mailed to any address on receipt of four cents in stamps

statements sent out by his followers in Massachusetts in regard to the Democratic State committee meeting.

The Soldier Campaigners. TIFFIN. O., Oct. 17 .- The touring Union | CONVENTION NAMES DELEGATES TO Generals arrived in Tiffin from Mansfield at 1:45, and were greeted by 3,000 people, many of whom were old soldiers. Judge Ridgiey was the local chairman, and addresses were made by Alger, Howard, Tanner, Walker, Burst and Sickles. Several of the speakers paid tribute to the late General William H. Gibson, their former comrade, and whose aged widow resides on Monument square, just a block south of where the special

train was standing.

A Campaign of Education. WASHINGTON, Oct. 17 .- The Sliver party and Populists to-day ceased the distribution of campaign documents. The Republicans and Democrats will continue to meet demanas practically until election day, but they are not sending out documents so lib-erally as a few weeks ago. The Republican congressional committee has distributed from Washington about 21,000,000 pleces, the Democrats about 12,000,000, the silverites

WILL BUILD A HOSPITAL.

about 4,000,000 and the Populists about 1,000,-

Members of the Typographical Union Asked to Contribute \$15,000.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Oct. 17 .-The sixth day of the convention of the International Typographical Union was chairman for next year. Reports for the taken up principally in legislating in behalf | Baptist Young People's Union was made of the craft. The subject of providing for by its several officers. There are 208 the erection of a hospital in connection senior unions with 16.345 members and 115 with the Childs-Drexel Home for Old Printers, which is located in this city, came up for discussion. Fifteen thousand dollars was provided by the Internation Union for the building of the hospital, which amount is to be contributed by the printers all over the land as a popular subscription. The amount is expected to be raised by Christ-

A resolution was adopted recommending that the government printing office, Washington, be taken from under the civil service restriction in order, as it was argued, to allow a more equitable treatment of union men who may in the future make application for work in the govern-ment printing office. The policy of the management of the union home was upheld. The closing session of the convention will be held Monday morning.

STEAMER PARIS SIGHTED. All Well on the Disabled Vessel When Off Scilly Islands.

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 17 .-- The American line steampship Paris, Captain Watkins, from New York on Oct. 17, which broke her starboard shaft when about 325 miles off Sandy Hock, passed the Scilly islands at 5 o'clock this afternoon. She signaled all well on board and was proceeding under her port engine. She should reach Southampten about 6 6'clock to-morrow morning.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Safled: La Touraine, for Havre; Kaiser Wilhe m II, 10r Naples; Mobile, for London; Schiedam, for

Amsterdam: Aller, for Bremen; Umbria, tor Liverpool: Rotterdam, for Rotterdam; Anchoria, for Glasgow. HAMBURG, Oct. 17 .- Arrived: Augusta Victoria, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Phoenicia, from New York. LIVERPOOL. Oct. 17. - Arrived:: Syl-York. Salled: Etruria, for New York. SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 17 .- Sailed: Normannia and Berlin, for New York. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17 .- Salled: Rhynland, for Liverpool. HAVRE, Oct. 17.-Sailed: La Bretagne,

Maj. S. T. Dickinson Dead. NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Maj. S. T. Dickinson, the well-known horsemen and breeder of horses, died here to-day of pneumonia, after a brief illness. His body win be taken to his home in Maryland. He was sixty-four years old, unmarried and has been one of the best-known drivers of road horses in this city.

Will Resume Business. BOSTON, Oct. 17.-The Hallet & Davis Plano Company, which has recently been in difficulty on account of slow collections, has made a settlement of 100 cents on the dollar, and its factory, which has only been running part time, will start at once

THE INDIANA BAPTISTS

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE.

Premature Explosion of Dynamite Kills John Slaughter Near Brazil

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLUFFTON, Ind., Oct. 17.-The Indiana Baptist convention was largely attended today. The devotional exercises at 9 o'clock were led by T. E. Dickinson, of Lagrange, Rev. Fuller Swift, of Columbus, leading the music. The report of the committee on resolutions was read by Rev. F. M. Huckleberry, the chairman, of Logansport. The two delegates to its next meeting. The committee on obituaries reported the death of Mesdames Sarah H. Croy, Nellie Mc-Cullum, Sallie Weeks, Revs. Robert Stevenson, S. Goodin, John M. Stalker, John Wade Ragsdale, W. T. Cross and Deacon W. C. E. Wann, Prof. C. H. Hall is the junior unions with 2,500 members in the State. Officers of the board for next year are: President, L. A. Clark, Crawfordssecretary, Professor W. B. Johnson, Franklin, treasurer, W. R. Barr, Bluffton; fitancial agent, Rev. E. G. Shouse, Thorntown; J. V. Biggert, Jeffersonville, and J. E. Neighbor, Indianapolis, Mrs. W. B. Leslie, Muncie, was chosen junior leader or the northern half of the State and Miss Isaline Stalker, Borden, to the same office for the southern half. Financial affairs of

pated in by many. Farmers' Insurance Company. begind to the Indianapolis Journal.

the State union were discussed by

treasurer, W. R. Barr. An open parlia-ment on the Bible readers' class was led

by J. V. Biggert, Jeffersonville, and partic-

NEW CASTLE, Ind., Oct. 17.-The first annual meeting of the members of ta-Henry County Farmers' Insurance Company was held in this city to-day, with ship. Reports from the township directors show a growing popularity of the new plan. The company was organized Aug. 31, 1895, with 116 charter members. The membership is now 215, and \$310,000 of insurance has been assumed. The losses during the year were \$165. The following officers were elected: President, T. C. Phelps, Greens-boro; vice president. W. C. Williams, Knightstown; secretary and treasurer, Cyrus Vanmatre, Middletown; directors, Wayne township, Samuel McCuffin; Spicedirectors, land, John Hoover; Greensboro, Levi Cook; Harrison, J. O. Mendenhall; Henry, A. C. Hodson; Jefferson, D. H. Homan; Fall Creek, I. W. Cooper; Franklin, J. R. Patterson; Dudley, Alpha Langston; Liberty, John H. Hewitt; Blue River, Joel Fraizer; Stony Creek, Clark Bird; Prairie, E. T.

Another Strawboard Reservoir.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal, NOBLESVILLE, Ind., Oct. 17 .- A deal has been closed between the American Straw Board Company and I. S. Randolph for the purchase of fifty acres of land adjoining the reservoir of the company, and on Monday morning a large force of teams and men will be put to work in making a levee. This will give the company 100 acres for a reservoir, and is considered large enough to accommodate the mills for years to come. The mills are now closed, but as soon as this levee is completed they will start up again.

Next G. A. R. Encampment. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 17 .- At a meeting of the G. A. R. members and citizens held here to-night, attended by Henry M. Caylor, of Noblesville, Department Commander of the G. A. R.; R. M. Smock, of Indian-apolis, assistant adjutant-general, and A. R. Tucker, of Noblesville, chief of staff, the date for the State Encampment, to be

held here, was set for May 12 and 13, subject to the approval of the national com-

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BILL NYE'S NEW BOOK

AND OTHER HUMOROUS STORIES

By EDGAR WILSON NYE

Will be published Monday by Bowen-Merrill

THE famous humorist's last and best book of fun will be published by Bowen-Mer-

rill Monday. It contains twenty-six stories

and twenty-one full page engravings, and is

beautifully bound in polished red cloth with

a gold design embossed in black and white

artist's original drawings will be exhibited in

our show windows to-morrow. It is "just what

the doctor ordered" for these hard times and

Price 95c in the Store

(If Mailed, \$1.25)

will cheer you up with its delicious fun.

One thousand copies of the book and the

ink on the cover.

(BILL NYE)

Guest at the Ludlow

Petersville Postoffice Robbed. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., Oct. 17 .- The general

store of Charles and Gary Davis and the postoffice at Petersville were burglarized last night. The robbers blew open a large safe and secured \$50 in cash and \$30 in stamps. This is the second time the same building has been broken into within five

Blown Up with Dynamite. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Ind., Oct. 17.-John Slaughter was instantly killed this morning by a premature explosion of dynamite which ha was using in sinking a shaft for the Sher-burne Coal Company, north of the city. Slaughter resided in this city and leaves a wife and family.

Work of Barn Burners.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 17.-Two barns were set on fire in this city last report expressed sympathy with the American Anti-saloon League, and appointed property, and within an hour the barn of Dan Sullican was on fire. No clew to the

Indiana Obituary.

FORTVILLE, Ind., Oct. 17 .- Mrs. Jonathan Stansberry, one of the oldest settlers of this section, died to-day. She and her aged husband, who survives her claimed to be the oldest living couple in the State, both of them being more than ninety years. A few years ago the couple cele-brated their seventieth wedding anniversary. The deceased leaves a large number of relatives in this and adjoining counties. RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 17 .- Maj. William L. John died at his home here this afternoon at the age of ninety-one. He was born in Butler county, Ohio, in 1805 and lived a useful and active life. Neither wife nor children survive him. John Steele, an old resident of the county,

whose home is near Centerville, dropped dead this afternoon. RIDGEVILLE, Ind., Oct. 17 .- Garrett Creamer, a prominent farmer of Pike township, Jay county, residing three miles northeast of Ridgeville, died yesterday, aged nearly ninety.

Mrs. Mary Hall, wife of Obadiah Hall, prominent farmer near Ridgeville, died suddenly Oct. 15, of dropsy, aged sixty-five. WARSAW, Ind., Oct. 17.-Metcalfe Beck, one of the oldest and most prominent cit-Kosciusko county, died at his home in this city last evening. He was eighty-four years old, a native of England, and was the wealthiest man in this

SATOLLI SAILS FOR ITALY.

county, where he has resided since 1830.

Well-Known Catholies Bid the Ex-Delegate Good-Bye.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.-Cardinal Satolli sailed for Genca to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. The demonstration attending his departure was the culmination of the honors which have been shown to him during the last days of his stay in America. The Cardinal spent the night at the residence of Maj. John D. Kelley, in Brooklyn, and this morning celebrated an early mass in Major Kelley's private chapel. At 8:30 he was ariven to the steamship pier in Hoboken and immediately went to his stateroom. To escort the Cardinal down the bay, the steamer Valley Girl had been chartered. Several archbishops and bishops were present, among them Arch-bishop Ireland, Bishop Gabriels, of Ogdensburg, Bisnop Wigger, of Newark; Bishop McGoffrick, of Duluth, and in addition Father Fambianca, secretary to the Cardinal. Rev. John M. Keely, Rev. Dr. Henry Brann, Dr. McGovern, H. Baladasno, Spanish consul. General O'Brien, president of the dock locald, General Michael Kerwin, Gen. James A. O'Beirn, General Lagrange, Lagrange Lagrange, Carlos Carl LaGrange, Justice Daly, Judges O'Brien and Fitzgerald and John D. Corrims. Only the chief delegates went on the Hamburg line pier and to the Kalser Wilhelm II. There they were received by the Cardinal, who had a pleasant word for each one of them. As the Kalser Wilhelm swung out of her dock there were received. out of her dock there was a general tooting of whistles and cheers.

A South West-Street Crap Game. Sergeants Lowe and Kruger last night made a raid on a gambling house on South West street, between Morris and Ray streets, and arrested twerty-five men and boys, about a half dozen of them colored. They were playing "craps," and it is claimed they had a club organization. They occupied an old storeroom.

A barn at No. 43 Rockwood street, owned by Edward Slate, was damaged slightly by fire at 1 o'clock this morning. The origin of the fire is unknown, but is supposed to have been incendiary.